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MINISTRY OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

(Department of Food)

ORDERS

New Delhi, the 7th January 1964

G.S.R. 74.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955), the Central Government hereby makes the following Order, namely:—

1. **Short title, extent and commencement.**—(1) This Order may be called the Rice (Madras) Price Control Order, 1964.

(2) It extends to the whole of the State of Madras.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. **Maximum prices at which rice may be sold.**—(1) The maximum prices at which rice of coarse and fine varieties specified in column (1) of the Schedule to this Order may be sold by any person in quantities of 10 quintals or more in any one transaction, shall be as specified in the corresponding entries in column (2) of the said Schedule.

(2) For the purpose of sub-clause (1), the prices specified are for:—

(i) naked grain and for delivery ex-sellers' godowns;

(ii) fair average quality conforming to the specifications prescribed in the appendix to the aforesaid Schedule; for rice below the fair average quality the maximum prices shall be determined by reducing the specified price by the amounts of cuts specified in the said specifications applicable to the respective variety of rice.

(3) For rice packed in sound new gunny bags each containing 74·6 kg. (net) of rice the prices specified shall be increased by Rs. 1·61 nP. per quintal.

THE SCHEDULE

[See clause 2(1)]

Variety of rice	Maximum price per quintal
(1)	(2)
<i>Coarse</i>	Rs.
1. Red Kar or short duration Red Kar varieties, Madhu Muzhang, Sembalai, Kullai Samba, Kallimattar, Puzhuthi Peratti, Mosanam, Manavari, Pisani Manakathi, Red Vadan Samba, Kolavazhi.	42·87

1	2
	Rs.
2. Vellaikar Swarnavari, Gobikar, Adt. 3, Adt. 4, Sarapalli, Poonkar, Arupatham Kodai, Cuitrakalai.	44.21
3. Vadan Samba (white), Muttusamba, Thuyamalli, Kattaisamba, Rangoon Samba.	45.01
4. Nellore Samba (coarse)	45.55
5. Kartai Samba, Arai Samba and Co. 25	46.22
6. Other coarse varieties	44.21
<i>Fine</i>	
1. Kuruvai Sirumani, Garudan Samba, Molagalukulu, Thuyamalli .	48.23
2. Delhi Bogum (MUT 13), Vellai Samba, Nellore Samba (fine), red and white Sirumani, Bayya Konda, Chingleput Sirumani, (Co. 19) Sadai samba, Pattarai Samba, Kothamalli Samba.	49.57
3. Sannakrishna Katukulu, Co. 2 or Poombalai (Periakichill) Ptb. 15, Ptb. 16, Co. 5 or Chinna Samba.	54.25
4. GEB. 24, or Doppix, Anaikomban, Ayan Samba, Kasipichodi, Konakuruvai.	55.59
5. Bangarutheegalu, Kamban Samba, Jeeraga Samba.	60.28
6. Other fine varieties	48.23

THE APPENDIX

[See clause 2(2) (ii)]

Fair Average Quality Specifications of Rice and cuts in Maximum Price for Excessive Admixtures

The fair average quality rice shall be adequately polished, in sound, merchantable condition, sweet, dry, clean, wholesome, of good food value and free from mould, weevils, smell, discolouration, admixture of deleterious substances and all impurities except to the extent indicated in the table below. Where the free tolerance limits are exceeded cuts shall apply as indicated in column (4).

Constituents of admixtures	Kind of rice	Free tolerance limit for fair average quality of rice per cent	Rate at which cuts shall be imposed over the free tolerance limit specified in column (3)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1. <i>Brokens and fragments :</i>			
Milled rice	Boiled rice	15	Over 15 % and up to 25% at quarter value Over 25 % at two-fifths value
	Raw rice	25	Over 25 % and upto 40 % at quarter value Over 40% at half value

1	2	3	4
2. Dirt, foreign matter and paddy, or un-husked grains	Boiled rice or raw rice	1 Over 1 % and upto 2 % at three-fourths value Over 2 % at full value	
3. Damaged, discoloured and weevilled grains	Boiled rice or raw rice	2.5 Over 2.5 % and upto 5% at half value Over 5 % at full value	
4. Red grains and other inferior varieties	Boiled rice or raw rice	6 Over 6 % at quarter value	
5. Moisture	Boiled rice . Raw rice .	15 Over 15 % at full value 14 Over 14 % at full value	

NOTE.—Besides the cut shown in column (4) for item No. 4 for admixture of red grains and other inferior varieties in excess of 12% additional cut at the rate of 0.67 nP. per quintal shall be imposed up to 30%. Over 30% a cut of Rs. 1.34 per quintal shall be imposed.

Definitions of various admixtures :

1. Broken Kernels which are less than $\frac{3}{4}$ ths but not less than $\frac{1}{8}$ th of the full grain.
2. Foreign matter Dirt, grit, earth particles, paddy, rice kernels less than $\frac{1}{8}$ th of the whole grain, paddy and other grains shall be deemed to be foreign matter.
3. Damaged, discoloured and chalky etc. The grain that is discoloured and spoiled by natural or unnatural factors such as loose water, excessive moisture, fungi, insects or by any other means (chalky grains having one half or more as chalky to be reckoned as "chalky").
4. Red grains Shall be kernels or pieces of kernels which have more than $\frac{1}{4}$ th of their surface coated with red bran.
5. Moisture Loose water that is lost on heating at 130° c for 2 hours.

[No. 201(MAS)(1)/666/64-PY.II.]

G.S.R. 75.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955), the Central Government hereby makes the following Order, namely:—

1. **Short title, extent and commencement.**—(1) This Order may be called the Madras Rice Procurement (Levy) Order, 1964.

(2) It extends to the whole of the State of Madras.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. **Definitions.**—In this Order, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) "controlled price" in relation to any variety of rice means the maximum price fixed for that variety in an order made under section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955), and for the time being in force;

(b) "Enforcement Officer" means any officer of the Revenue Department of the State Government not lower in rank than that of a Revenue Inspector or any officer of the Commercial Taxes Department of the State Government not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Commercial Tax Officer;

(c) "Purchase Officer" means—

(i) in relation to the entire State of Madras, the Commissioner of Civil Supplies and the Secretary to the Commissioner of Civil Supplies; and

- (ll) in relation to the districts within that State, the District Collectors, District Revenue officers, the Joint Collector in the district of Coimbatore, the Revenue Divisional officers, the Grain Purchase Officers and the Tahsildars and independent Deputy Tahsildars within their respective jurisdiction;
- (d) "licensed dealer" means a person holding a valid licence under an Order made by the State Government under section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955), for the purpose of licensing food-grains dealers;
- (e) "licensed miller" means the owner as defined in clause (g) of section 3 of the Rice-Milling Industry (Regulation) Act, 1958 (21 of 1958), of a rice mill duly licensed under the provisions of that Act and includes the lessee or any person in charge of the rice mill;
- (f) "rice" means any variety of rice produced with the aid of power;
- (g) "rice mill" means the plant and machinery with which and the premises including the precincts thereof in which or in any part of which, rice milling operation is carried on;
- (h) "State Government" means the Government of the State of Madras.

3. Levy on rice.—(1) Every licensed dealer and every licensed miller shall sell to the Purchase Officer at the controlled price—

(a) at the commencement of this Order,—

(i) if he is functioning in the district of Tanjavur, twenty per cent of the quantity of rice and the rice equivalent of twenty per cent of the quantity of paddy held in stock by him at such commencement; and

(ii) if he is functioning in any other district, fifteen per cent of the quantity of rice and the rice equivalent of fifteen per cent of the quantity of paddy held in stock by him at such commencement; and

(b) beginning with such commencement and until such time as the Purchase Officer otherwise directs,—

(i) if he is functioning in the district of Tanjavur, twenty per cent of the quantity of rice and the rice equivalent of twenty per cent of the quantity of paddy obtained every day, in any manner by him; and

(ii) if he is functioning in any other district, fifteen per cent of the quantity of rice and the rice equivalent of fifteen per cent of the quantity of paddy obtained every day, in any manner by him:

Provided that nothing contained in this sub-clause shall apply to any rice or paddy obtained by a licensed dealer or licensed miller from any other such dealer or miller, if the licensed dealer or licensed miller proves so to the satisfaction of the Purchase Officer.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this sub-clause, 1.44 quintals of paddy shall be considered as equivalent to one quintal of rice.

(2) Every licensed dealer and every licensed miller who comes into possession of any stock of paddy or rice, as an agent of any other person, not for the purpose of sale or disposal, shall—

(a) furnish full particulars of the owners of such stock to the Purchase Officer or such other person, as may be authorized by him in this behalf;

(b) prove, when so required, to the satisfaction of the Purchase Officer or such other person as may be authorized by him in this behalf that the licensed dealer or licensed miller has no power of sale or disposal over the stock;

(c) continue to keep the stock in safe custody and not part with its possession in any manner whatsoever, until a direction is received by him from the Purchase Officer.

(3) The rice required to be sold to the State Government under sub-clause shall be delivered by the licensed dealer or the licensed miller to the Purchase Officer or to such other person as may be authorized by him to take delivery on his behalf.

(4) The Central Government may, by order notified in the official gazette, the percentage of rice and the percentage of paddy stock required to be sold its rice equivalent to the Purchase Officer, by the licensed dealers or licensed millers or by any class of licensed dealers or licensed millers under this Order.

4. **Power of State Government to require millers and dealers to mill and hold in stock by them.**—The State Government may, if it considers it necessary or expedient so to do, by order, direct that a licensed dealer or a class of licensed dealers or a licensed miller or a class of licensed millers, shall convert into the whole or a specified part of the stock of paddy held by such licensed dealer or class of licensed dealers or such licensed miller or class of licensed millers in such manner and in such circumstances as may be specified in the direction.

5. **Powers of entry, search, seizure, etc.**—(1) Any Enforcement Officer may with a view to securing compliance with this Order or to satisfying himself that this Order has been complied with,—

- (a) enter, with such assistance as may be necessary, any rice mill or other premises where he has reason to believe that paddy or rice is stocked;
- (b) ask of any person all necessary questions;
- (c) examine any books or documents or accounts;
- (d) search any premises, vehicles or vessels and so far as may be necessary for that purpose, detain any person or seize rice or paddy found in such person's possession in respect of which he has reason to believe that a contravention of any of the provisions of this Order has been, is being or about to be committed and thereafter take or authorize the taking of all measures necessary for the production of the stock so seized along with the receptacles in which such stock is found in a court and for their safe custody pending such production.

(2) The provisions 102 and 103 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (5 of 1898) relating to search and seizure shall, so far as may be, apply to searches under this clause.

6. **Saving.**—Nothing contained in this Order shall apply to such stocks of rice or rice equivalent of paddy as are produced from the paddy purchased by a co-operative society from producers under a directive issued by the State Government.

No. 206(MAS)667(1)/63-PY.II]

B. P. BAGCHI, Jt. Secy.

